

Inglés- Segundo Idioma- 2º Bachillerato
"Let's start!"

Nombre del alumno/a:

1. Elige de entre las opciones cuáles son los usos del presente simple:

- a) Se utiliza para acciones que están ocurriendo en el momento del habla.
- b) Se utiliza para acciones que ocurren de manera habitual, rutinas.
- c) Se utiliza para describir verdades generales y hechos científicos.
- d) Se utiliza para acciones que comenzaron en el pasado y tienen continuidad o efecto en el presente.
- e) Se utiliza para hablar de eventos programados en un futuro próximo.
- f) Se utiliza para describir una experiencia.
- g) Se utiliza para formar el imperativo.

2. Escribe el uso al que corresponde cada ejemplo:

- a) He never eats vegetables:
- b) Do your homework:
- c) The train leaves at 10.00:
- d) Bogota is in Colombia:
- e) She works in a hospital:
- f) I always visit my mother on Sunday:
- g) Don't cry:
- h) Does the festival start tomorrow?

3. Escribe la formación del verbo WATCH en presente simple:

I
You
He
She
It
We
You
They

4. Completa el texto con el presente simple de los verbos entre paréntesis:

Bob _____ (**live**) in a small flat in London. In the mornings, he _____ (wake up) and _____ (**have**) a shower.
Then he _____ (**make**) breakfast. He usually _____ (**have**) a typical English breakfast with eggs and bacon. After that, he
_____ (**go**) to work.

He _____ (**work**) in an office in the center of London. He _____ (**sit**) in front of the computer all day and _____ (**write**) emails. He _____ (**not like**) his job very much, but he _____ (**like**) earning money. He sometimes _____ (**see**) his girlfriend in the evenings. She _____ (**live**) on the opposite side of London, so he _____ (**take**) the Underground.

5. Elige de entre las opciones cuáles son los usos del pasado simple:

- h) Se utiliza para acciones repetidas o habituales en el pasado.
- i) Se utiliza para acciones que comenzaron y terminaron en el pasado.
- j) Se utiliza para describir generalidades y hechos pasados.
- k) Se utiliza para acciones que ocurrieron antes de un tiempo específico en el pasado.
- l) Se utiliza para enumerar una serie de acciones pasadas.
- m) Se utiliza en narraciones.
- n) Se utiliza para hablar de dos acciones que estaban ocurriendo en el mismo momento en el pasado.

6. Escribe el uso al que corresponde cada ejemplo:

- i) We always travelled to Barcelona when we were young.
- j) I didn't go to the party yesterday.
- k) The Aztec lived in Mexico.
- l) We walked 5 km everyday to work.
- m) Once upon a time, there was a man who travelled around the world.
- n) I received the good news and immediately called my husband.
- o) Kate worked last Saturday.
- p) I played the guitar when I was a child.

7. Escribe la formación del verbo STUDY en pasado simple:

I
You
He
She
It
We
You
They

8. Completa el texto con el pasado simple de los verbos entre paréntesis:

Anna's holiday _____ (**be**) great last summer. She _____ (**stay**) in a college in England for two weeks. She _____ (**have**) classes in the mornings and in the afternoons she _____ (**do**) some sports like swimming or tennis. In the evenings she often _____

(go) dancing or _____ (watch) films with her new friends. At weekends they _____ (drive) to some interesting places.

All the students in her class _____ (be) sorry to go home. They all _____ (promise) to come back next summer.

9. Forma el comparativo de los siguientes adjetivos:

ADJECTIVE	COMPARATIVE
Good	
Bad	
Far	
Pretty	
Big	
Beautiful	
Little	
Difficult	
Hot	
Cold	

10. Completa el texto con *there is/isn't, there are/aren't, some o any*:

I have quite a nice classroom this year. _____ a big board on one wall and _____ desks in groups of four or five. _____ bookcases for our reference books and a cupboard for the pens and paper. _____ pictures on the walls, but unfortunately _____ windows.

11. Elige la forma correcta del posesivo:

- a) My _____ house is next to the beach.
- Mother'
 - Mother's
- b) The _____ boots were dirty and smelly after the game.
- Players's
 - Players'



- c) The _____ bathroom is currently flooded with water.
- Womens'
 - Women's
- d) They had a really good time at _____ barbecue last Friday.
- James's
 - James'
- e) My _____ house is grey. (1 friend)
- Friends'
 - Friend's
- f) My _____ house is grey. (2 friends)
- Friends'
 - Friend's