



Ámbito de Comunicación - Inglés - Módulo IV - Práctica 7.1
“English begins here”

Nombre del alumno/a:

Cuantificadores

1. Completa cada hueco con el cuantificador apropiado de los que se te ofrecen: a/some/any:

- She hasn't got _____ luck. She's very unlucky.
- You need _____ time to study for the exam.
- We usually go to _____ cinema near the police station.
- The teacher prepares _____ very difficult exercises.

2. Completa cada hueco con el cuantificador apropiado de los que se te ofrecen: much/ many/ a lot of:

- He made _____ effort to pass the exam.
- We haven't got _____ rain during this winter.
- Do you have _____ friends in Madrid?
- He isn't very rich. I'm sure he hasn't got _____ money.

There is/are

3. Di si es correcta o no la traducción de esta oración. En caso negativo, corrige su traducción: “¿Cuántos centros comerciales hay en la ciudad? = How many shopping centres there is in the city?”.

Presente simple

4. Completa las oraciones con la forma afirmativa del presente simple:

- She _____ (live) in a nice flat.
- They _____ (drive) on the right in Great Britain.
- Ice _____ (become) water at 0°C.
- We _____ (like) going to the beach in summer.

Presente simple (formas variadas)



5. Completa con los verbos entre paréntesis en la forma adecuada del presente simple (afirmativa, negativa, interrogativa):

- _____ a cup of coffee? (you/ want)
- The stars _____ at night. (shine)
- Some animals _____ swim. (not can)
- My sister usually _____ with Ryanair. (fly)

Presente continuo

6. Completa las oraciones con los verbos en presente continuo:

- The students _____ an exam, be quiet! (make)
- _____ a new house? (your parents/ search)
- She _____ on that project now. (not work)
- Mary _____ the cake in the oven. (bake)

Presente simple o continuo

7. Elige el verbo adecuado, prestando mucha atención al hecho de que se necesite un presente simple o continuo: lives/ is living/ goes/ is going/ visits/ is visiting:

- She _____ in Madrid but this month she _____ in Málaga.
- After school, she usually _____ to the gym, but this afternoon she _____ to the dentist.
- On Monday she _____ her grandma at home.

8. Completa las oraciones con el tiempo verbal adecuado (presente simple o continuo):

- The situation _____ (be) very bad at the moment because he _____ (not can) find a job.
- I usually _____ (get up) very early but today is Sunday and I _____ (get up) up later.
- You _____ (make) a stupid joke, please be quiet!

Vocabulario del Bloque 7 (casas, ciudades, trabajo, el tiempo)

9. Elige la palabra correcta del recuadro para cada oración. Cuidado, sobran palabras:

roof	basement	bathroom	living room	corridor
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- In my house there are two _____, each in a different bedroom.
- The _____ is the lowest place of the house.
- That sofa is very big for the _____
- The _____ of the house is on the top of it.

**Vocabulario del Bloque 7 (expresión de rutinas)**

10. Une cada verbo con su complemento para construir acciones habituales en la vida de una persona, usando: go/ comb/ have/ clean:

_____ to bed

_____ your teeth

_____ a shower

_____ breakfast

_____ your hair

_____ to work