



Telling Stories



- Action verbs
- Past Continuous
- Connectors of Sequence



Action Verbs

Son aquellos verbos que expresan algo que una persona, animal o cosa pueden hacer.

A tener en cuenta:

- Pueden ser acciones **físicas** (*run, jump, walk*) o **mentales** (*think, believe, feel*).
- Pueden ser verbos en **presente, pasado o futuro** (*He run 8 kilometres everyday/He ran 8 kilometres everyday*)



Past Continuous

AFFIRMATIVE: Play

| | | |
|------|------|---------|
| I | was | playing |
| You | were | |
| We | | |
| They | | |
| He | was | |
| She | | |
| It | | |



Past Continuous

NEGATIVE: Play

| | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| I | Was not Wasn't | playing |
| You We They | were not weren't | |
| He She It | was not wasn't | |



Past Continuous

INTERROGATIVE: Play

| | | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|
| was | I | playing? |
| were | you we they | |
| was | he she it | |



Connectors of Sequence

Se usan para dar una sucesión lógica de eventos. Hacen que el discurso sea más natural y claro.

Los podemos dividir en:

- Introducción de ideas: First (primero)
- Secuencia de eventos: Then (luego), After that (después), Later (más tarde)
- Conclusión: Finally (finalmente)

Los conectores de secuencia van al **principio de la frase** y tienen que ir **seguidos por una coma**.