

Inglés I (Segundo Idioma)
“At the beginning there was Chaos”

Nombre del alumno/a:

1 - Completa las siguientes oraciones con el verbo to be. Además, transfórmalas a sus formas negativa e interrogativa. (18)

Ejemplo: I (be)*am*..... happy. - *I'm not happy* - *Am I happy?*

1. It _____ cold today.
2. I _____ at home now.
3. They _____ Korean.
4. There _____ a pen on the desk.
5. My name _____ Nikita.
6. We _____ from Ukraine.

2 - Completa las siguientes oraciones con el verbo have got. Además, transfórmalas a sus formas negativa e interrogativa. (18)

Ejemplo: I*have got*.... a nice room. *I haven't got a nice room.* *Have I got a nice room?*

1. *Mary two dogs.*
2. *The bus one door.*
3. *My parents a car.*
4. *The students books.*
5. *They friends.*
6. *My sister a problem.*

3 - En este ejercicio tendrás que rellenar los espacios en blanco con la expresión correcta. Fíjate en el siguiente ejemplo: (12)

EJEMPLO: Alice / horse - This is Alice's horse

1. Mike/ house.
This is _____
2. My father / mother
This is my _____
3. My daughter/ guitar
This is my _____
4. My son/ tennis racket
This is _____
5. Margaret/ book.
This is _____
6. Amanda/ piano
This is _____

4 - Practica el vocabulario de la familia con estas oraciones: (18)

Ejemplo: My mother's sister is my aunt

1. Your brother or sister is your _____.
2. Your mother and father are your _____.
3. Your mother's sister is your _____.
4. Your daughter's husband is your _____.
5. Your sister's son is your _____.
6. Your brother's wife is your _____.
7. Your sister's daughter is your _____.
8. Your father's brother is your _____.
9. Your aunt's or uncle's children are your _____.
10. Your father, mother, sister and brother are your _____.
11. Your husband's mother is your _____.
12. Your daughter's son is your _____.
13. A person who has no brothers or sisters is called an _____.
14. Your mother's new husband (not your father) is your _____.
15. A child whose mother and father are dead is an _____.
16. An unmarried man is called _____ or a _____.
17. A woman whose husband has died is a _____.
18. Your mother's parents are your _____ grandparents.

5 - Lee las siguientes frases y rellena los espacios en blanco con el adjetivo posesivo que corresponda: (No olvides usar las mayúsculas al inicio de frase)

1. This is _____ house. (mi)
2. _____ father works in Barcelona. (Tu)
3. _____ daughter has got a flashdisk. (Su de él)
4. _____ daughter has got a horse. (Su de ella)
5. _____ houses are very big. (Su de ellos).
6. _____ mother is very pretty. (Nuestra)
7. _____ brother is thirty years old. (Vuestro)
8. You are a boy and _____ name is Marc.

5 - Describe a estas cuatro personas físicamente usando los adjetivos de descripción personal de la Unidad. Además, añade algunos rasgos de su personalidad de tu invención. Aquí te dejamos [un enlace](#) a una web donde puedes repasar los adjetivos de descripción y [otro aquí](#) donde repasar los de descripción de la personalidad. (16)



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

7 - Escribe los siguientes números en forma cardinal y ordinal. (10)

Ejemplo: 75 : seventy five - seventy-fifth

1. 66
2. 41
3. 13
4. 5
5. 142
6. 34
7. 78
8. 93
9. 11
10. 69